12

13

14

15 16

22

23

24

2526

27

28

## SHB 1012 - S AMD TO FSIH COMM AMD (S-4960.1/04) 801 By Senator Benton

- On page 4, after line 3 of the amendment, insert the following:
- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) This chapter may be known and cited as 2 the "third party utility billing act." The purpose of this chapter is 3 4 to prevent landlords, either themselves or through a third party 5 billing agent, from billing tenants for master metered or unmetered 6 utility services without proper notice and disclosure of billing 7 practices to tenants, to protect tenants from deceptive or fraudulent 8 billing practices, and to establish uniform statewide standards for 9 third party utility billing that do not permit the adoption of 10 inconsistent or more restrictive standards by any city, code city, or 11 county.
  - (2) This chapter does not prevent a landlord from including a tenant's cost of master metered or unmetered utility services within the rent set forth in a rental agreement, and the practice of including that cost within a tenant's rent is not a billing practice or methodology affected by this chapter.
- 17 (3) This chapter does not affect the practices used by public 18 utilities to bill and collect residential multiunit building owners or 19 landlords for master metered or unmetered utility services.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
  - (1) "Billing entity" means the landlord or third party billing agent responsible for billing multiunit building tenants for master metered or unmetered utility services.
  - (2) "Disclosure" means providing tenants with complete and accurate written information in a clear, concise, and understandable manner in all notices required under this chapter and on each bill presented from the billing entity to tenants.
- 29 (3) "Landlord" has the meaning provided in RCW 59.18.030.

(4) "Master metered utility service" means a utility service supplied to more than one unit in a multiunit building and measured through a single inclusive metering system.

- (5) "Methodology" means any method, technique, or criterion used to apportion to tenants charges billed to the landlord by the utility for master metered or unmetered utility services, including but not limited to, ratio utility billing systems, submetering systems, and hot water metering systems.
- (6) "Multiunit building" means a residential building, or group of buildings with three or more dwelling units, as defined in RCW 59.18.030 with a master metered utility service or unmetered utility service that is provided to the building or group of buildings as a whole.
- (7) "Ratio utility billing system" means any method by which the cost of master metered or unmetered utility services provided to tenants and common areas of a multiunit building are apportioned to tenants through the use of a formula that estimates the utility usage of each rental unit in the multiunit building based on the number of occupants in a unit, number of bedrooms in a unit, square footage of a unit, or any similar criterion.
  - (8) "Rental agreement" has the meaning provided in RCW 59.18.030.
  - (9) "Tenant" has the meaning provided in RCW 59.18.030.
- (10) "Billing practices" means the practices of a billing entity that apportions and bills multiunit building tenants for master metered or unmetered utility services provided to the multiunit building as a whole by an apportioning methodology and also means any related practices including but not limited to, collecting, using, or disclosing tenants' personally identifiable information, other than name, address, and number of occupants. Only such information may be conveyed to third parties.
- (11) "Third party billing agent" means any entity retained or authorized by a landlord as a billing entity.
- (12) "Unmetered" or "unmetered utility services" means utilities provided to more than one unit of a multiunit building, in which the bill from the utility is based on a method other than a meter and includes, but is not limited to, sewer and solid waste services.
- 37 (13) "Utilities" or "utility services" means water, sewer, 38 electric, and solid waste services.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A landlord of a multiunit building may only bill tenants for utility services separately from rent if the city, town, county, or other municipality where the multiunit building is located has implemented laws and ordinances relating to third-party utility billings that are consistent with this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) A landlord may or may authorize a third party billing agent to bill tenants of a multiunit building for master metered or unmetered utility services provided to the tenants, only if the following requirements are met:

- (a) Billing practices may be adopted only upon advance written notice to a tenant as part of a new or renewed rental agreement. Tenants must receive written notice of the billing practices at least thirty days before expiration of their rental agreements, or, in the case of month-to-month tenancies, at least thirty days before the billing practices may become effective. However, if billing practices are already in place on the effective date of this act, written notice must be given within thirty days of the effective date of this act.
- (b) The notice required under (a) of this subsection shall include a detailed written disclosure of the methodology used by the billing entity to allocate the charges to each tenant, including the methodology used to allocate utility services for common areas of the multiunit building, along with all other terms and conditions of the billing arrangement. If submetering is used, the notice shall also include descriptions of the location of the submeter and any access requirements to tenant dwelling units for submeter installation, reading, repair, maintenance, or inspections, including removal of the submeter for testing. Access requirements shall be consistent with the provisions of RCW 59.18.150. An additional written notice must also be given at least thirty days prior to the due date of the next rental payment in order to implement a change in billing agents, apportionment methodology, fees, or other terms and conditions of the billing arrangement.
- (c) The total of all charges for any utility service included in the bills sent to all units may not cumulatively exceed the amount of the bill sent by the utility to the landlord for the multiunit building or the covered dwelling units in the multiunit building as a whole, less any late charges, interest, or other penalties owed by the

landlord, with the exception of the following, which may be included in each bill covering an individual dwelling unit:

- (i) A service charge of no more than two dollars per utility per month, not to exceed a cumulative service charge of five dollars per month for all the utilities included in the bill;
- (ii) Late payment charges of no more than five dollars per month plus interest at a rate not to exceed one percent per month;
- (iii) Insufficient funds check charges for dishonored checks, not to exceed thirty-one dollars per dishonored check; and
  - (iv) A one-time account activation fee of five dollars.

The charges under this subsection may be adjusted and increased on an annual basis by an amount not to exceed the greater of the consumer price index or three percent.

Service charges, late payment charges, and insufficient funds check charges shall be reasonable, and shall be a flat fee, or schedule of fees disclosed in the billing practices notices. No late payment charges may accrue until at least twenty-one days after the date the bill was mailed to the tenant or until twenty-one days after the bill was delivered to the tenant if the bill was not mailed.

- (d) Any third party billing agent must be properly registered and licensed to do business in this state and must be in compliance with all applicable state laws and rules, and all applicable state license identification numbers, if any, must be disclosed upon request.
- (e) Each billing statement sent to a tenant by a billing entity must disclose all required information in a clear and conspicuous manner and at minimum must:
- (i) Include the name, business address, and telephone number of the billing entity;
- (ii) Identify and show the basis for each separate charge, including service charges and late charges, if any, as a line item, and show the total amount of the bill;
  - (iii) If the building units are submetered, include:
- (A) The current and previous submeter readings, the current read dates, and the amount concerned; and
- (B) If the landlord was provided with an estimated bill from the serving utility, whether the tenant billing is also an estimated billing or whether it was prepared on the basis of factual submetered usage consistent with normal serving utility service charges;

- (iv) Specify the due date, the date upon which the bill becomes overdue, the amount of any late charges or penalties that may apply, and the date upon which the late charges or penalties may be imposed;
  - (v) Identify any past due dollar amounts;

- (vi) Identify a mailing address and telephone number for billing inquiries and disputes, identify the entity responsible for resolving billing inquiries and disputes and its business hours and days of availability, and describe the process used to resolve disputes related to bills as set forth in this chapter; and
- 10 (vii) Include a statement to the effect that "this bill is from 11 (landlord name) and not from (utility company name)."
  - (f) If a utility company has billed the landlord using an estimate of utility service consumed, the billing agent may estimate the charges to be billed to tenants until billing based on actual consumption resumes.
  - (g) Submetering is permitted as a way of allocating master metered utility services to tenants.
  - (2) This section does not prevent a landlord from addressing billing of master metered or other unmetered utility services in a written addendum to a lease. A lease addendum may be used to give the notice required under subsection (1)(a) of this section, so long as the lease addendum is provided to the tenant with the notice required under that subsection, and so long as all other requirements of this chapter are satisfied.
  - (3) No dispute resolution provision may require a tenant to pursue a remedy in another state. In addition, for disputes arising under this chapter, mandatory dispute resolution shall be in accordance with the existing residential landlord-tenant act.
  - (4) The state of Washington fully occupies and preempts the entire field of residential third party utility billings. Cities, towns, and counties or other municipalities may enact only those laws and ordinances relating to third party utility billings that are consistent with this chapter. Local laws and ordinances that are inconsistent with, more restrictive than, or exceed the requirements of state law may not be enacted and are preempted and repealed, regardless of the nature of the code, charter, or home rule status of the city, town, county, or municipality.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. When a billing entity employs a methodology for third party utility billing based on submetering or hot water metering, the individual meters must be accurate and regularly maintained.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Sections 2 through 6 of this act constitute 6 a new chapter in Title 59 RCW."
  - $\underline{\mathtt{SHB}\ 1012}$  S AMD TO FSIH COMM AMD (S-4960.1/04) 801 By Senator Benton
- On page 4, line 4 of the title amendment, after "relationships;"
  strike the remainder of the title amendment and insert "amending RCW
  59.18.060; and adding a new chapter to Title 59 RCW."

--- END ---